



Practice Test A - Structure

- Dairy farming is _____ leading agricultural activity in the United States.
(A) a
(B) at
(C) then
(D) none
- Although thunder and lightening are produced at the same time, light waves travel faster _____, so we see the lightening before we hear the thunder.
(A) than sound waves do
(B) than sound waves are
(C) do sound waves
(D) sound waves
- Beef cattle _____ of all livestock for economic growth in certain geographic regions.
(A) the most are important
(B) are the most important
(C) the most important are
(D) that are the most important
- The discovery of the halftone process in photography in 1881 made it _____ photographs in books and newspapers.
(A) the possible reproduction
(B) possible to reproduce
(C) the possibility of reproducing
(D) possibly reproduce
- Flag Day is a legal holiday only in the state of Pennsylvania, _____ Betsy Ross sewed the first American flag.
(A) which
(B) where
(C) that
(D) has
- _____ vastness of the Grand Canyon, it is difficult to capture it in a single photograph.
(A) While the
(B) The
(C) For the
(D) Because of the
- Speciation, _____, results when an animal population becomes isolated by some factor, usually geographic.
(A) form biological species
(B) biological species are formed
(C) which forming biological species
(D) the formation of biological species
- In its pure state antimony has no important uses, but _____ with other substances, it is extremely useful metal.
(A) when combined physically or chemically
(B) combined when physically or chemically
(C) the physical and chemical combination
(D) it is combined physically and chemically



9. The dawn redwood appears _____ some 100 million years ago in northern forests around the world.
- (A) was flourished
(B) having to flourished
(C) to have flourished
(D) have flourished
10. Beginning in the Middle Ages, composers of Western music used a system of notating their compositions _____ be performed by musicians.
- (A) will
(B) that
(C) and when to
(D) so they could
11. Civil Rights are the freedoms and rights _____ as a member of a community, state, or nation.
- (A) may have a person
(B) may have a person who
(C) a person may have
(D) and a person may have
12. Richard Wright enjoyed success and influence _____ among Black American writers of his era.
- (A) were unparalleled
(B) are unparalleled
(C) unparalleled
(D) the unparalleled
13. _____ of large mammals once dominated the North American Prairies: the American bison and the pronghorn antelope.
- (A) There are two species
(B) With two species
(C) Two species are
(D) Two species
14. Franklin D. Roosevelt was _____ the great force of radio and the opportunity it provided for taking government policies directly to the people.
- (A) as the first President he understood fully
(B) the first President that, to fully understand
(C) the first President fully understand
(D) the first President to understand fully
15. During the late fifteenth century, _____ of the native societies of America had professions in the fields of arts and crafts.
- (A) only a few
(B) a few but
(C) few, but only
(D) a few only



Practice Test A – Written Expression

16. The firstly naval battle of the Revolutionary War was fought off the coast of Machias, Maine, in June 1775.
17. The public ceremonies of the Plains Indians are lesser elaborate than those of the Navajo in the Southwest.
18. In some species of fish, such the three-spined stickleback, the male, not the female, performs the task of caring for the young.
19. When she retires in September 1989, tennis champion Christine Evert was the most famous woman athlete in the United States.
20. The ancient Romans used vessels equipped with sails and banks of oars to transporting their armies.
21. Dinosaurs are traditionally classified as cold-blooded reptiles, but recent evidence based on eating habits, posture, and skeletal structural suggests some may have been warm-blooded.
22. Since the Great Depression of the 1930' s, social programs such as Social Security have been built into the economy to help avert severity business declines.
23. In the 1970' s consumer activities succeeded in promoting laws that set safety standards for automobiles, children' s clothing, and a widely range of household products.
24. Zoos in New Orleans, San Diego, Detroit, and the Bronx have become biological parks where animals roams free and people watch from across a moat.



25. In human beings, as in other mammals, hairs around the eyes are ears and in the nose prevent dust, insects, and other matter from entering these organs.
26. The Rocky Mountains were explored by fur traders during the early 1800' s in a decades preceding the United States Civil War.
27. The works of the author Herman Melville are literary creations of a high order, blending fact, fiction, adventure, and subtle symbolic .
28. Each chemical element is characterized to the number of protons that an atom of that element contains, called its atomic number.
29. The body structure that developed in birds over millions of years is well designed for flight, being both lightly in weight and remarkably strong.
30. From 1905 to 1920, American novelist Edith Wharton was at the height of her writing career, publishing of her three most famous novels.
31. In the early twentieth century, there was considerable interesting among sociologists in the fact that in the United States the family was losing its traditional roles.
32. Although pure diamond is colorless and transparent, when contaminated with other material it may appear in various color, ranging from pastels to opaque black.
33. Comparative anatomy is concerned to the structural differences among animal forms.



34. A seismograph records oscillation of the ground caused by seismic waves, vibrations that travel from its point of origin through the Earth or along its surface.
35. Electric lamps came into widespread use during the early 1900' s and have replaced other type of fat, gas, or oil lamps for almost every purpose.
36. Located in Canada, the Columbia Icefield covers area of 120 square miles and is 3,300 feet thick in some places.
37. Composer Richard Rodgers and lyricist Oscar Hammerstein II brought to the musical *Oklahoma!* extensive musical and theatrical backgrounds as well as familiar with the traditional forms of Operetta and musical comedy.
38. Because of its vast tracts of virtually uninhabited northern forest, Canada has one of the lowest population density in the world.
39. Rice, which it still forms the staple diet of much of the world' s population, grows best in hot, wet lands.
40. Government money appropriated for art in the 1930' s made possible hundreds of murals and statues still admiration in small towns all over the United States.



Practice Test A – Answers

Question Number	Answer	Level of Difficulty	Answered Correctly
1	A	Easy	93%
2	A	Easy	84%
3	B	Easy	93%
4	B	Easy	83%
5	B	Medium	78%
6	D	Easy	82%
7	D	Medium	76%
8	A	Medium	67%
9	C	Medium	65%
10	D	Medium	66%
11	C	Difficult	54%
12	C	Medium	62%
13	D	Difficult	41%
14	D	Difficult	45%
15	A	Easy	95%
16	A	Easy	90%
17	B	Easy	83%
18	B	Medium	81%
19	A	Easy	86%
20	D	Easy	86%
21	C	Medium	72%
22	D	Medium	75%
23	D	Medium	73%
24	C	Medium	73%
25	A	Medium	72%
26	C	Medium	72%
26	D	Medium	67%
28	B	Medium	58%
29	D	Medium	70%
30	C	Medium	68%
31	A	Medium	66%
32	D	Medium	60%
33	A	Medium	65%
34	C	Difficult	45%
35	B	Medium	63%
36	A	Difficult	43%
37	C	Difficult	37%
38	D	Difficult	30%
39	A	Difficult	50%
40	C	Medium	67%



Practice Test B – Structure

1. The ponderosa pine is _____ of the most of the timber used by forest-product firms in the Black Hills of South Dakota.
(A) the source
(B) as source
(C) the source which
(D) because the source
2. Computers that once took up entire rooms are now _____ to put on desktops and into wristwatches.
(A) small enough
(B) smaller than
(C) so small
(D) as small as
3. According to some educators, the goal of teaching is to help students learn what _____ to know to live a well-adjusted and successful life.
(A) do they need
(B) they need
(C) they are needed
(D) as they may need
4. The sapphire's transparency to ultraviolet and infrared radiation makes _____ in optical instruments.
(A) it is of use
(B) it uses
(C) it a useful
(D) it useful
5. _____ initial recognition while still quite young.
(A) Most famous scientists achieve
(B) That most famous scientists achieved
(C) Most famous scientists who achieved
(D) For most famous scientists to achieve
6. Mango trees, _____ densely covered with glossy leaves and bear small fragrant flowers, grow rapidly and can attain heights of up to 90 feet.
(A) whose
(B) which are
(C) are when
(D) which
7. _____ the Canadian composer Barbara Pentland wrote four symphonies, three concertos, and an opera, among other works.
(A) An artist who, prolific
(B) Is a prolific artist
(C) Prolific an artist
(D) A prolific artist
8. The Chisos Mountains in Big Bend National park in Texas were created by volcanic eruptions that occurred _____.
(A) the area in which dinosaurs roamed
(B) when dinosaurs roamed the area
(C) did dinosaurs roam the area
(D) dinosaurs roaming the area



9. In bas-relief sculpture, a design projects very slightly from its background, _____ some coins.
- (A) as on
(B) because
(C) the way that
(D) similarly
10. Alaska found the first years of its statehood costly because it had to take over the expense of services _____ previously by the federal government.
- (A) to provide
(B) be provided
(C) providing
(D) provided
11. With age, the mineral content of human bones decreases, _____ them more fragile.
- (A) make
(B) and to make
(C) thereby making
(D) which it makes
12. Not until Kentucky's Mammoth Cave had been completely explored in 1972.
- (A) when was its full extent realized
(B) that its full extent was realized
(C) was its full extent realized
(D) the realization of its full extent
13. The first explorer _____ California by land was Jedediah Strong Smith, a trapper who crossed the southwestern deserts of the United States in 1826.
- (A) that he reached
(B) reached
(C) to reach
(D) reaching it
14. Written to be performed on a _____, Thornton Wilder's play *Our Town* depicts life in a small New England community.
- (A) stage scenery of bare
(B) bare of stage scenery
(C) scenery bare of stage
(D) stage bare of scenery
15. _____ many copper mines in the state of Arizona, a fact which contributes significantly to the state's economy.
- (A) They are
(B) There are
(C) Of the
(D) The



Practice Test B – Written Expression

16. Margaret Mead studied many different cultures and she was one of the first anthropologists to photograph hers subjects.
17. Talc, a soft mineral with a variety of uses, sold is in slabs or in powdered form.
18. During the 1870' s iron workers in Alabama proved they could produce iron by burning iron ore with coke, instead than with charcoal.
19. Geologists at the Hawaiian Volcano Observatory rely on a number of instruments to studying the volcanoes in Hawaii.
20. Underlying aerodynamics and all other branches of theoretical mechanics are the laws of motion who were developed in the seventeenth century.
21. Was opened in 1918, the Philips Collection in Washington, D.C., was the first museum in the United States devoted to modern art.
22. A mortgage enables a person to buy property without paying for it outright; thus more people are able to enjoy to own a house.
23. Alike ethnographers, ethnohistorians make systemic observations, but they also gather data from documentary and oral sources.
24. Basal body temperature refers to the most lowest temperature of a healthy individual during waking hours.
25. Research in the United States on acupuncture has focused on it use in pain relief and anesthesia.



26. The Moon' s gravitational field cannot keep atmospheric gases from escape into space.
27. Although the pecan tree is chiefly value for its fruit, its wood is used extensively for flooring, furniture, boxes, and crates.
28. Born in Texas in 1890, Katherine Anne Porter produced three collection of short stories before publishing her well-known novel *Ship of Fools* in 1962.
29. Insulation from cold, protect against dust and sand, and camouflage are among the functions of hair for animals.
30. The notion that students are not sufficiently involved in their education is one reason for the recently surge of support for undergraduate research.
31. As secretary of transportation from 1975 to 1977, William Coleman worked to help the bankrupt railroads in the northeastern United States solved their financial problems.
32. Faults in the Earth' s crust are most evidently in sedimentary formations, where they interrupt previously continuous layers.
33. Many flowering plants benefit of pollination by adult butterflies and moths.
34. A number of the American Indian languages spoken at the time of the European arrival in the New World in the late fifteen century have become extinct.



35. George Gershwin was an American composer whose concert works joined the sounds of jazz with them of traditional orchestration.
36. One of the problems of United States agriculture that has persisted during the 1920' s until the present day is the tendency of farm income to lag behind the costs of production.
37. Volcanism occurs on Earth in several geological setting, most of which are associated with the boundaries of the enormous, rigid plates that make up the lithosphere.
38. Early European settlers in North America used medicines they made from plants native to treat colds, pneumonia, and ague, an illness similar to malaria.
39. Some insects bear a remarkable resemblance to dead twigs, being long, slenderness, wingless, and brownish in color.
40. A food additive is any chemical that food manufacturers intentional add to their products.



Practice Test B – Answers

Question Number	Answer	Level of Difficulty	Answered Correctly
1	A	Easy	89%
2	A	Medium	80%
3	B	Easy	86%
4	D	Easy	89%
5	A	Medium	80%
6	B	Easy	81%
7	D	Easy	88%
8	B	Medium	71%
9	A	Medium	68%
10	D	Medium	63%
11	C	Difficult	43%
12	C	Difficult	34%
13	C	Difficult	36%
14	D	Difficult	32%
15	B	Easy	86%
16	D	Easy	94%
17	C	Easy	86%
18	D	Medium	80%
19	D	Easy	88%
20	D	Easy	87%
21	A	Easy	85%
22	D	Medium	80%
23	A	Easy	81%
24	B	Easy	84%
25	C	Medium	72%
26	C	Medium	76%
26	B	Medium	72%
28	B	Medium	71%
29	A	Medium	70%
30	C	Medium	62%
31	C	Medium	67%
32	A	Medium	65%
33	B	Medium	57%
34	D	Medium	59%
35	D	Medium	57%
36	B	Difficult	41%
37	B	Difficult	52%
38	C	Medium	57%
39	C	Difficult	37%
40	C	Difficult	36%



Practice Test C – Structure

- After quartz, calcite is the _____ in the crust of the Earth.
(A) mineral is most abundant
(B) mineral that most abundant
(C) most abundant mineral that
(D) most abundant mineral
- Regarded as the world's foremost linguistic theorist, Noam Chomsky continues _____ new theories about language and language learning.
(A) for creating
(B) by creation
(C) to create
(D) create
- _____ any area receives more water than the ground can absorb, the excess water flows to the lowest level, carrying loose mineral.
(A) Being
(B) Whenever
(C) When might
(D) Is
- In 1935 seismologist Charles F. Richter devised _____ for rating the strength of earthquakes.
(A) for the numerical scale
(B) the scale is numerical
(C) a numerical scale
(D) a scale of numerical
- After the Second World War the woman wage earner _____ a standard part of middle-class life in the United States.
(A) who became
(B) becoming that which
(C) became
(D) to become
- Celluloid and plastics have largely replaced genuine ivory in the manufacture _____ buttons, billiard balls, and piano keys.
(A) of such things as
(B) as of such things
(C) such things as of
(D) things as of such
- One of the tenets of New Criticism is that a critic need not tell readers _____ about a story.
(A) which thinking
(B) what to think
(C) that thinking
(D) to think what
- The outer ear, _____ the fleshy pinna and the auditory canal, picks up and funnels sound waves toward the eardrum.
(A) includes
(B) which it includes
(C) which includes
(D) of which includes



9. The chair may be the oldest type of furniture, _____ its importance has varied from time to time and from country to country.
- (A) but when
(B) until then
(C) in spite of
(D) although
10. When wood, natural gas, oil, or any other fuel burns, _____ with oxygen in the air to produce heat.
- (A) combining substances in the fuel
(B) substances in the fuel that combine
(C) substances in the fuel combine
(D) a combination of substances in the fuel
11. Deserts are arid land areas where _____ through evaporation than is gained through precipitation.
- (A) the loss of more water
(B) loses more water
(C) is more water lost
(D) more water is lost
12. When goshawk chicks are young, _____ parents share in the hunting duties and in guarding the nest.
- (A) the both
(B) both
(C) both of
(D) and both
13. Not only _____ among the largest animals that ever lived, but they are also among the most intelligent.
- (A) are whales
(B) whales
(C) some whales
(D) they are whales
14. Fish are the most ancient form of vertebrate life, and _____ all other vertebrates.
- (A) from them evolved
(B) evolved them
(C) to evolve
(D) they are evolved
15. _____ 350 species of sharks, and although they are all carnivorous, only a few species will attack people.
- (A) About
(B) Where about
(C) There are about
(D) About the



Practice Test C – Written Expression

16. The dandelion plant has a straight, smoothly , and hollow stem that contains a white, milky juice.
17. Of the much factors that contributed to the growth of international tourism in the 1950' s, one of the most important was the advent of jet travel in 1958.
18. The Canadian province of Alberta it is believed to have some of the richest oil deposits in the world.
19. Elizabeth Bishop' s poems are frequently long and carefully constructed, uses elaborate rhyme or half-rhymes.
20. California has more land under irrigation than any another state.
21. Thomas Moran' s magnificent, colorful paintings onto Wyoming landscapes captured the spirit of the western wilderness in the late nineteenth century.
22. Emily Dickinson, among the greatest women poets in the English language, died with all of hers poems unpublished, except for seven that appeared in publications of limited circulation.
23. Protecting Florida' s coral reefs in difficult because some of the corals are very fragile: even the touch of a diver' s hand can kill it.
24. Martin Luther King, Jr., is well known for organize the huge human rights march that took place in Washington in 1963.



25. A lightning flash produces electromagnetic waves that may travels along the Earth' s magnetic field for long distances.
26. One of the earliest plants domesticated in the Western Hemisphere, manioc was introduced to Europe by Spaniards returning from the New World.
27. Besides the age of nine and fifteen, almost all young people undergo a rapid series of physiological changes.
28. The frequency of meteors in the Earth' s atmosphere increases when the Earth passes through a swarm of particle generated by the breakup of a comet.
29. Ponds are noted for their rich and varied types of plant and animal life, all maintain in a delicate ecological balance.
30. In the 1920' s cinema became an important art form and one of the ten largest industry in the United States.
31. To improvise effectively, a musician must thorough understand the conventions of a given musical style.
32. During the Jurassic period plant life was abundance, providing herbivores in particular with a plentiful supply of food.
33. Some maple trees are raised for their sap, which has a high sugar content for yields sugar and syrup.



34. Long before boats became important in recreation, they were valuable to people for many essential tasks, included transportation and fishing.
35. Asteroids may be fragments of a planet shattered long ago or from material the nuclei of old comets.
36. The first Native Americans to occupy what is now the southwestern United States were the Big-Game Hunters, which appeared about 10,000 B.C.
37. Some hangers, buildings used to hold large aircraft, are very tall that rain occasionally falls from clouds that form along the ceilings.
38. Most sand dunes are always in motion as wind pushes sand upward one side of each dune, over the top, and down the other side.
39. Farms of maize, beans, and tobacco, the Wendat, Native American tribes that inhabited present-day Michigan, lived a sedentary life in densely populated villages.
40. Recently scientists have apply new tools of biochemistry and molecular biology to investigate the structure of human hair.



Practice Test C – Answers

Question Number	Answer	Level of Difficulty	Answered Correctly
1	D	Easy	91%
2	C	Easy	83%
3	B	Easy	83%
4	C	Easy	85%
5	C	Easy	84%
6	A	Medium	79%
7	B	Medium	70%
8	C	Medium	76%
9	D	Medium	67%
10	C	Medium	60%
11	D	Medium	59%
12	B	Medium	57%
13	A	Medium	56%
14	A	Difficult	29%
15	C	Easy	85%
16	B	Easy	90%
17	A	Easy	94%
18	B	Easy	82%
19	C	Medium	79%
20	D	Easy	89%
21	B	Medium	70%
22	C	Easy	81%
23	D	Medium	75%
24	B	Medium	76%
25	C	Medium	75%
26	B	Medium	70%
26	A	Medium	69%
28	C	Medium	66%
29	C	Medium	65%
30	D	Medium	65%
31	B	Medium	64%
32	A	Medium	64%
33	D	Medium	57%
34	C	Medium	59%
35	D	Difficult	45%
36	D	Difficult	30%
37	B	Difficult	34%
38	B	Difficult	39%
39	A	Difficult	35%
40	A	Medium	79%



Practice Test D – Structure

1. Portland, Maine, is _____ the poet Henry Wadsworth Longfellow spent his early years.

(A) where
(B) it where
(C) where is
(D) which is where

2. As consumers' response to traditional advertising techniques declines, businesses are beginning _____ new methods of reaching customers.

(A) the development that
(B) it developing
(C) develop
(D) to develop

3. The knee is _____ most other joints in the body because it cannot twist without injury.

(A) more likely to be damaged than
(B) likely to be more than damaged
(C) more than likely to be damaged
(D) to be damaged more than likely

4. The quince is an attractive shrub or small tree _____ closely related to the apple and pear trees.

(A) is
(B) that is
(C) that it is
(D) is that which

5. Many gases, including the nitrogen and oxygen in air, _____ color or odor.

(A) have no
(B) which have no
(C) not having
(D) they do not have

6. The American Academy of Poets, _____ the 1930's, provides financial assistance to support working poets.

(A) when it was founded
(B) was founded
(C) which was founded in
(D) was founded in

7. During the Pleistocene glacial periods _____ portions of the Earth where plant and animal life flourished, making it possible for people to subsist.

(A) the
(B) it was
(C) there were
(D) have there been

8. The photographs of Carrie Mae Weems, in which she often makes her family members _____, are an affectionate and incisive representation of the African American experience.

(A) are her subjects
(B) her subjects
(C) are subjects
(D) which her subjects



9. Hubble's law states that the greater the distance between any two galaxies, _____ is their relative speed of separation.
- (A) the greatest
(B) the greater
(C) greater than
(D) as great as
10. The onion is characterized by an edible bulb composed of leaves rich in sugar and a pungent oil, _____ the vegetable's strong taste.
- (A) which the source of
(B) that the source is
(C) the source of
(D) of the source is
11. A regional writer with a gift for dialect, _____ her fiction with the eccentric, comic, but vital inhabitants of rural Mississippi.
- (A) and Eudora Welty is peopling
(B) Eudora Welty peoples
(C) because Eudora Welty peoples
(D) Eudora Welty, to people
12. Relative humidity is the amount of water vapor the air contains at a certain temperature _____ with the amount it could hold at that temperature.
- (A) to compare
(B) compared
(C) comparing
(D) compares
13. Scientists believe the first inhabitants of the Americas arrived by crossing the land bridge that connected Siberia and _____ more than 10,000 years ago.
- (A) this is Alaska now
(B) Alaska is now
(C) is now Alaska
(D) what is now Alaska
14. Fibers of hair and wool are not continuous and must normally be spun into thread _____ woven into textile fabrics.
- (A) as are they
(B) when to be
(C) that they are
(D) If they are to be
15. Margaret Brent, because of her skill in managing estates, became _____ largest landholders in colonial Maryland.
- (A) what the
(B) one of the
(C) who the
(D) the one that



Practice Test D – Written Expression

16. The Armory Show, held in New York in 1913, was a important exhibition of modern European art.
17. Ripe fruit is often stored in a place who contains much carbon dioxide so that the fruit will not decay too rapidly.
18. In 1852 Massachusetts passed a law requiring all children from four to eighteen years of old to attend school.
19. The main purpose of classifying animals is to show the most probable evolutionary relationship of the different species to each another.
20. Matthew C. Perry, a United States naval commander, gained fame not in war and through diplomacy.
21. One of the most impressive collections of nineteenth-century European paintings in the United States can be found to the Philadelphia Museum of Art.
22. Three of every four migrating water birds in North America visits the Gulf of Mexico's winter wetlands.
23. Charleston, West Virginia, was named for Charles Clendenin who son George acquired land at the junction of the Elk and Kanawha rivers in 1787.
24. Financier Andrew Mellon donated most of his magnificent art collection to the National Gallery of Art, where it is now locating.



25. Soil temperatures in Death Valley, California, near the Nevada border, have been known to reach 90 of degrees Celsius.

26. When the Sun, Moon, and Earth are alignment and the Moon crosses the Earth's orbital plane, a solar eclipse occurs.

27. Mary Cassatt's paintings of mothers and children are known for its fine linear rhythm, simple modelings, and harmonies of clear color.

28. Plants synthesize carbohydrates from water and carbon dioxide with the aid of energy is derived from sunlight.

29. The best American popular music balances a powerful emotions of youth with tenderness, grace, and wit.

30. In the nineteenth century, women used quilts to inscribe their responses to social, economic, and politics issues.

31. Fossils in 500-inillion-year-old rocks demonstrate that life forms in the Cambrian period were mostly marine animals capability of secreting calcium to form shells.

32. Rainbows in the shape of complete circles are sometimes seen from airplanes because they are not cutting off by the horizon.

33. Hot at the equator causes the air to expand, rise, and flow toward the poles.



34. Although research has been ongoing since 1930, the existence of ESP – perception and communication without the use of sight, hear, taste, touch, or smell – is still disputed.
35. As many as 50 percent of the income from motion pictures produced in the United States comes from marketing the films abroad.
36. Sleep is controlled by the brain and associated by characteristic breathing rhythms.
37. The walls around the city of Quebec, which was originally a fort military, still stand, making Quebec the only walled city in North America.
38. The manufacture of automobile was extremely expensive until assembly-line techniques made them cheaper to produce
39. The ballad is characterized by informal diction, by a narrative largely dependent on action and dialogue, by thematic intense, and by stress on repetition.
40. Eleanor Roosevelt set the standard against which the wives of all United States Presidents since have evaluated.



Practice Test D – Answers

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Question Number	Answer	Level of Difficulty	Answered Correctly
1	A	Easy	91%
2	D	Easy	86%
3	A	Easy	82%
4	B	Easy	78%
5	A	Easy	81%
6	C	Medium	77%
7	C	Medium	68%
8	B	Medium	71%
9	B	Medium	60%
10	C	Medium	59%
11	B	Difficult	54%
12	B	Difficult	49%
13	D	Easy	42%
14	D	Easy	41%
15	B	Easy	98%
16	B	Easy	85%
17	C	Easy	94%
18	D	Easy	87%
19	D	Easy	84%
20	C	Easy	80%
21	D	Easy	81%
22	C	Easy	82%
23	B	Medium	75%
24	D	Medium	71%
25	D	Medium	78%
26	B	Medium	71%
27	B	Medium	68%
28	C	Medium	71%
29	B	Medium	63%
30	D	Medium	65%
31	D	Medium	61%
32	C	Medium	59%
33	A	Medium	58%
34	D	Difficult	55%
35	A	Difficult	51%
36	C	Difficult	45%
37	B	Difficult	45%
38	A	Difficult	40%
39	C	Difficult	26%
40	D	Medium	62%



Practice Test E – Structure

- _____ is helping to break new ground in drug research.
(A) Computers are being used more if
(B) The increasing use of the computer
(C) If an increase in the use of the computer
(D) Computers are being used more
- An elephant _____ vigorously when it is overheated.
(A) flapping its ears
(B) its ears flap
(C) flaps its ears
(D) ears flap it
- Broadway musical comedy has been called _____ of the United States to modern theater.
(A) the major contribution that
(B) what is the major contribution
(C) the major contribution
(D) to the major contribution
- _____ in 1968 as a nonprofit agency to finance the growth of noncommercial radio and television in the United States.
(A) The Corporation for Public Broadcasting established
(B) The Corporation for Public Broadcasting was established
(C) When the Corporation for Public Broadcasting was established
(D) Even though the Corporation for Public Broadcasting was established
- Cold temperatures; short growing seasons, and heavy snows prevent _____ at high elevations.
(A) grow trees
(B) the growth of trees
(C) trees are growing
(D) and growth of trees
- Usually, the more skilled an athlete _____ the more effortless the athlete's movements appear to be.
(A) what is
(B) that is
(C) that it is
(D) is
- Trilobites, a group of spineless animals, flourished in the oceans for several hundred million years _____ some 200 million years ago.
(A) until they became extinct
(B) and their extinction
(C) that were extinct
(D) because their extinction
- Recent engineering developments have made _____ to recycle plastic soda bottles into polyester fabric.
(A) possible, and
(B) it is possible
(C) the possible
(D) it possible



9. _____, bottle-nosed dolphins become talented performers at many aquariums.
- (A) When to train
(B) Are training
(C) When trained
(D) To train them
10. The art of the 1970's was characterized by diversity and by the independence of artists _____ main affinities were more often sociopolitical than stylistic.
- (A) whose
(B) that
(C) they have
(D) of which
11. Flower oils are _____ of the ingredients used in making perfume.
- (A) among expensive
(B) among the most expensive
(C) being most expensive
(D) expensive
12. A quilt that looks ordinary _____ may become a work of abstract art when it is hung on a white wall.
- (A) lying on a bed
(B) lies on a bed
(C) to be lying on a bed
(D) to lie on a bed
13. _____, the hummingbird gets its name from the sound that its wings make during flight.
- (A) Has a brilliant color
(B) The brilliant color
(C) Which is brilliantly colored
(D) Brilliantly colored
14. Except for the Sun, all stars are too far from the Earth for their distances _____ in miles or kilometers.
- (A) to be conveniently measured
(B) which conveniently measured
(C) to measure conveniently
(D) conveniently measured
15. Many technological innovations, such as the telephone, _____ the result of sudden bursts of inspiration in fact were preceded by many inconclusive efforts.
- (A) whose appearance
(B) that appear to be
(C) and appear to be
(D) are appearing



16. Corporations, companies owned by much stockholders rather than by a single proprietor, began to play an important economic role in the late nineteenth century.
17. Diamonds have the unique ability to allow the passage of neither infrared and visible light.
18. Gilbert Newton Lewis, a chemist, helped to develop the modern electron theory of valence, a theory what explains the forces holding atoms together in molecules.
19. The first women governor in United States history was Nellie Tayloe Ross, who was elected governor of Wyoming in 1925.
20. Because of a high birthrate and considerable immigration, the United States population in the late nineteenth century increased tremendously into 31 million in 1860 to 76 million in 1900.
21. In laboratory experiments, an investigator often begins by work out different conditions for two groups of subjects.
22. In Florida, when the temperature drops below freezing, citrus growers keep young tree warm by constantly showering them with water.
23. The pitch of a musical instrument is defined as the relative highness or low of the sound it produces.
24. The delicious of chocolate depends not only on the quality of the cacao but also on a complex process of grinding, heating, and blending.



25. Scientists have found that occasional exposure to bright light can be help a person get used to working the night shift.
26. Rocks have forming, wearing away and re-forming ever since the Earth took shape.
27. For most of their history, especially since the 1860's, New York City has been undergoing major ethnic population changes.
28. The dramatic first-floor gallery of the New Britain Museum of American Art is devoted to Thomas Benton's series of five oversized mural.
29. Although color is a minor factor in soil composition, it is excellent characteristic by which to distinguish different soil layers.
30. Eagles are predatory birds that have large, heavy, hooked bills and strong, sharp claws called as "talons."
31. Cotton is one of the most popular fiber used to make clothes.
32. Turreted mansions decorated with elaborate wooden ornamentation became a mark of wealthy and elegance in the United States in the late nineteenth century.
33. Most of our ideas of what ancient people looked and dressed come from the works of Renaissance artists.



34. Plants require much less moist in cold weather than in warm-weather.
35. All nations may have to make fundamental changes in their economic, political, and the technological institutions if they are to preserve the environment.
36. Massachusetts was first explored in the late sixteenth and early seventeenth centuries, and the first permanent settlement at Plymouth in 1620.
37. Sarah Vaughan had a voice like a perfect instrument, and it was an instrument that she knew how to use it with the utmost skill.
38. During early nineteenth century, the building of canals and railroads strengthened the state of Indiana's links with the eastern United States.
39. Maryland, even though a southern state, remained loyalty to the Union during the Civil War.
40. A monsoon is an enormous cycle of air set in motion by differences temperature over land and sea.



Practice Test E – Answers

Number	Answer
1	B
2	C
3	C
4	B
5	B
6	D
7	A
8	D
9	C
10	A
11	B
12	A
13	D
14	A
15	B
16	B
17	C
18	C
19	A
20	D
21	B
22	C
23	C
24	A
25	B
26	A
27	A
28	D
29	C
30	D
31	C
32	D
33	A
34	C
35	C
36	D
37	C
38	A
39	C
40	C



Practice Test F – Structure

- In 1879, _____, Alice Freeman Palmer became head of the history department at Wellesley College.
(A) twenty-four years
(B) at the age of twenty-four
(C) age twenty-four
(D) of twenty-four years
- United States spends more money on advertising _____ country in the world.
(A) other
(B) other than
(C) than any other
(D) while other
- Penicillin, probably _____, came into widespread use after the Second World War.
(A) an antibiotic of known
(B) was known the antibiotic
(C) the best-known antibiotic
(D) known best antibiotic
- Although Emily Dickinson is now a well-known American poet, only seven of her poems _____ while she was alive.
(A) publishing
(B) to publish
(C) have published
(D) were published
- Thomas Jefferson served as president of the American Philosophical Society, an organization that encouraged of scientific and intellectual research.
(A) ranging wide
(B) a wide range
(C) which ranged widely
(D) a widely ranging
- Part of the Great Plains, Kansas is famous for _____ fields of wheat.
(A) its seemingly endless
(B) it seems endless
(C) it is seemingly endless
(D) it is endless it seems
- Skimming along the surface of the ocean or rising from its depths like delicate balloons, _____ to their aquatic habitat.
(A) the perfect adaptation of jellyfish
(B) jellyfish are perfectly adapted
(C) jellyfish are adapted to perfectly
(D) and the adaption is perfect for jellyfish
- The sidereal day is the period _____ the Earth completes one rotation on its axis.
(A) when does it
(B) while it
(C) during which
(D) in that



9. _____ rainfall in the desert is low, it is one of the most important climatic factors in the formation of desert erosion features.
- (A) Although
(B) Why
(C) Despite
(D) Due to
10. A strong swimmer, _____.
- (A) that fish and seal are eaten chiefly by the polar bear
(B) the polar bear eats chiefly fish and seal
(C) the polar bear eating chiefly fish and seal
(D) eating fish and seal chiefly by the polar bear
11. Helicopters can rise or descend vertically, hover, and move forward, backward, ____.
- (A) they move laterally
(B) and are lateral
(C) or lateral motion
(D) or laterally
12. The Dallas Theater Center presents plays in two buildings, _____ was designed by the internationally renowned architect, Frank Lloyd Wright.
- (A) which
(B) which one
(C) that which
(D) one of which
13. _____ stem from the everyday life of common people, the most popular themes are love, jealousy, revenge, disaster, and adventure.
- (A) Because folk ballads
(B) There are folk ballads
(C) With folk ballads
(D) Folk ballads to
14. _____ around us gives us vital information about our environment.
- (A) The sounds are heard
(B) That the hearing of sounds
(C) Hearing the sounds
(D) Whatever the sounds are heard
15. Located in Boston, _____ in the United States was founded in 1852.
- (A) the first public library was free
(B) the first free public library
(C) was the first free public library
(D) where the first free public library was



16. A goose's neck is a little longer that than of a duck, and not so gracefully curved as a swan's.
17. The introduction of new species of plants into the Hawaiian islands offers an opportunity to study the responsively of a natural system to stress.
18. At 1939, television programs were being broadcast in the United States, and the World's Fair of that year featured demonstrations of this advance in technology.
19. Nathaniel Hawthorne often complained of how few material his life provided for his fiction.
20. The United States capital in Washington, D.C., developed slow, assuming its present gracious aspect, with wide avenues and many parks, only in the twentieth century.
21. Soapberry trees and shrubs thrive in tropical regions, and being ornamental plants in California and Florida.
22. Throughout her length career, Grace Paley has been known for her ability to capture the distinct rhythms of New York speech in her short stories.
23. Scientists usually character the disease leukemia as an overabundance of white blood cells in the bloodstream.
24. Energy research, medicinal, tourism, and copper and molybdenum mining are important to the economy of Butte, Montana.



25. The New Deal was President Franklin D. Roosevelt's program to pull the United States out the Great Depression in the 1930's.
26. Anyone rowing a boat in a strong wind knows it is much easy to go with the wind than against it.
27. From the monitoring of earthquake waves it is evidence that the Earth's outer core is liquid, whereas the inner core is solid.
28. Dictionaries frequently explain the origin of the defined word, state its part of speech, and indication its correct use.
29. The Caldecott Medal, awarded annual to the best illustrated children's book, is one award that identifies excellent books.
30. In the spring the woodcock builds a simple nest of leaves and grass in a dry, quiet spots and lays four multicolored eggs.
31. For centuries the aromatic spices of the Far East has been in demand by the people of the East and West.
32. Linseed oil is used as a drying oil in paints and varnishes and as making linoleum, oilcloth, and certain inks.
33. Phoenix, Arizona, stands where the Hohokam Indians built a canal system and carried on irrigated farming before long the time of Columbus.



34. Knowledge of the rate at which a ship is traveling through the water is important if the navigator need to estimate the time of arrival.

35. The wood of the tulip tree, sometimes referred to as American whitewood, is one of the most valuable timber product in the United States.

36. The foot is used primary for locomotion, but some primates, notably the apes, also use their feet for grasping and picking up objects.

37. Although best known for her prose works, Maya Angelou was also published several collections of poetry.

38. Founded by the Spanish as Yerba Buena in 1835, what is now San Francisco was taken over by the United States in 1846 and later renamed it.

39. Human hair grows at rate of about one-half to one inch a month.

40. Composed of heavy-textured clay soil, adobe has great elasticity when moist, but when dry is able of holding its shape.



Practice Test F- Answers

Number	Answers
1	B
2	C
3	C
4	D
5	B
6	A
7	B
8	C
9	A
10	B
11	D
12	D
13	A
14	C
15	B
16	B
17	C
18	A
19	B
20	A
21	C
22	A
23	A
24	A
25	D
26	C
27	B
28	D
29	A
30	D
31	C
32	C
33	D
34	D
35	D
36	A
37	C
38	D
39	A
40	D



Practice Test G - Structure

- Clinical psychologist Dr. Carl Rogers found that 80 _____ percent verbal communication involved five types of responses: evaluative, interpretive, supportive, probing, and understanding.

(A) all
(B) is the
(C) with
(D) of all
- The early feminist leader Susan B. Anthony became increasingly aware through her work in the temperance movement _____ the same rights as men.

(A) women were not granted that
(B) that women were not granted
(C) not granted women that were
(D) that were not granted women
- DNA, _____, is found in the cell nucleus in the form of very long and thin molecules consisting of two spiral strands.

(A) inherits material
(B) is inheritance material
(C) material is inherited
(D) the material of inheritance
- _____ plants, which manufacture their own food, animals obtain nourishment by acquiring and ingesting their food.

(A) Unlike
(B) Different
(C) Whereas
(D) As much
- The Hawaiian alphabet, introduced by missionaries in the 1820's, _____ and only seven consonants.

(A) the five vowels consist of
(B) consisting of five vowels
(C) that consists of five vowels
(D) consists of five vowels
- Working like a telescope, _____ the size of objects at great distances.

(A) which magnifies a telephoto lens
(B) a telephoto lens magnifies
(C) a telephoto lens which magnifies
(D) and magnifying a telephoto lens
- Volcanoes are divided into three main groups, based on their shape and the type of material they_____.

(A) are made
(B) made of
(C) are made of
(D) made for
- _____ to inanimate objects, such as machines, is a form of animism.

(A) When attributing emotion
(B) Attributing emotion
(C) Emotion is attributed
(D) If emotion is attributed



9. _____, dolphins have no sense of smell.
- (A) As known as far
 - (B) Known thus far as
 - (C) It is known as far
 - (D) As far as is known
10. The growth of psychobiology owes _____ to major conceptual advances in the way people think about the brain.
- (A) much
 - (B) as much as
 - (C) much which
 - (D) there is so much
11. In 1938 Pearl S. Buck became the first American woman _____ the Nobel Prize for Literature.
- (A) receive
 - (B) received
 - (C) to receive
 - (D) she received
12. Now considered an art form, quilt making originated as a means of fashioning bed covers from bits of fabric that otherwise _____.
- (A) not use
 - (B) were no use
 - (C) had no use
 - (D) it was not used
13. The early years of the United States government were characterized by a debate concerning _____ or individual states should have more power.
- (A) whether the federal government
 - (B) either the federal government
 - (C) that the federal government
 - (D) the federal government
14. Beneath the streets of a modern city _____ of walls, columns, cables, pipes, and tunnels required to satisfy the needs of its inhabitants.
- (A) where exists the network
 - (B) the existing network
 - (C) the network's existence
 - (D) exists the network
15. The province of Newfoundland has _____ than any other region of North America in which the first language is English.
- (A) its longer history
 - (B) a longer history
 - (C) the longer the history
 - (D) the history is longer



16. The antique collector must be able to distinguish real antiques from later imitations , which can be either reproductions nor fakes.

17. Paint must be stirred and sometimes dilution before it is applied.

18. A great aviation pioneer, Amelia Earhart was already famous when she sets out on her ill-fated attempt to circle the globe in 1937.

19. Although apples do not grow during the cold season, apple trees must have a such season in order to flourish.

20. Two unique features of the Arctic they are lack of precipitation and permanently frozen ground.

21. Faced with petroleum shortages in the 1970's, scientists and engineers in the United States stepped up its efforts to develop more efficient heating systems and better insulation.

22. Rabbits have large front tooth, short tails, and hind legs and feet adapted for running and jumping.

23. Dentistry is a branch of medicine that has developed very dramatic in the last twenty years.

24. The ease of solving a jigsaw puzzle depends the number of pieces, their shapes and shadings, and the design of the picture.



25. Plants range in size to tiny, single-celled, blue-green algae, invisible to the naked eye, to giant sequoias, the largest living plants.

26. During the 1940's science and engineering had an impact on the way music reach its audience and even influenced the way in which it was composed.

27. By 1860 the railroads of the United States had 3,000 miles of track, three-quarters of which it was east of the Mississippi River and north of the Ohio River.

28. Ballads were early types of poetry and may have been among a first kinds of music.

29. The thin outer layer of the skin is called the epidermis, while the layer inner, which is slightly thicker, is called the dermis.

30. With the incorporation of jazz history into current academic curricula, leading jazz musicians are now founding on the faculties of several universities.

31. Humus, a substance found in soil, is soft and spongy and enables plant roots to send out tiny hairs through that they absorb water and food.

32. Although flies live longest in cool temperatures, it breed prolifically when temperatures are warm, food is abundant, and humidity is moderate.

33. Alaska's vast areas of untamed wilderness attracts many people who enjoy the outdoors.



34. The giant panda closely resembles the bear, but account of certain anatomical features it is placed in the raccoon family.
35. The ode was original a ceremonial poem written to celebrate public occasions or exalted subjects.
36. Even as he wrote copiously on such diverse topic as education, politics, and religion, Lewis Mumford remained active in city and regional planning.
37. Oscillation is a electronic function that changes direct current to the signal of desired frequency.
38. Papier-mâché figures by Stephen Hensen, which they cheerfully depicted life in the Information Age, were the focus of an exhibit at the Museum of American History.
39. Pharmacist fill drug prescriptions, keeping records of the drugs their patients are taking to make sure that harmful combinations are not prescribed.
40. Great technical advances in aerial and satellit e photography have been made since end of the Second World War.



Practice TestG – Answers

Number	Answers
1	D
2	B
3	D
4	A
5	D
6	B
7	C
8	B
9	D
10	A
11	C
12	C
13	A
14	D
15	B
16	D
17	C
18	C
19	C
20	B
21	B
22	B
23	D
24	B
25	B
26	B
27	D
28	C
29	D
30	D
31	D
32	B
33	C
34	C
35	A
36	B
37	A
38	A
39	A
40	D